THE EVENING STAR is served to subscribers in the city by carriers, on their own account, at 10 cents per week, or 44 cents per month. Copies at the counter, 2 cents each. By mail—postage prepaid—60 cents a month; one year, \$6. THE WEERLY STAR-published on Friday-\$2 a rear, postage prepaid. 10 copies for \$15; 20 copies All mall subscriptions must be paid in ad-Vance; no paper sent longer than so paid for. Rates of advertising made known on applica-

# Luening

V. 51-Nº. 7,741.

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1878.

TWO CENTS.

## CLOTHING. WAMSUTTA SHIRTS.

MY ASSORTMENT OF

FIXE SHIRTS

LARGEST

is the

WASHINGTON.

Prices Range from

\$1,12% to \$3

READY-MADE SHIRTS, and

From \$1.50 to \$3.50

CUSTOM-MADE ONES.

WAMSETTA NIGHT SHIRTS

For \$1.12 2.

COLORED SHIRTS For \$1.50.

UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS From \$1 apward.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

GEO. C. HENNING,

410 Seventh street n.w. jan 19-tr CLOSING OUT SALES

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.

IMMENSE REDUCTION.

Preparatory to Taking Stock I Offer the Following Special Bargains:

OVERCOATS. Ermine Fur Beaver, sold for \$25; selling now, \$18 West of England....sold for 20; selling now, Siberia Fur.....sold for 18; selling now, Blue, Bl'k and B'n . sold for 15; selling now,

Lippett's Blue... sold for 12; selling now,
Debson's Striped... sold for 10; selling now,
Germania Fur... sold for 8; selling now, Blue Chinchilla....., sold for 6; selling now, DRESS AND BUSINESS SUITS. English Wors ed....sold for \$25; selling now, \$20 French Worsted....sold for 22; selling now, Libert Cassimere...sold for 20; selling now, selling now, farris Cassimere....sold for 17:

London Worsted....sold for 12: selling now, Russell Cassimere....sold for 11: selling now, Black Ribbed do ..... sold for 8; selling now, D. B. DRESS COATS AND VESTS. French Worsted .... sold for \$22; selling now, \$18

16; selling now,

.... sold for 14; selling now,

English Stripe do....sold for Globe Mills do.....sold for

English Diagonal do. sold for 20; selling now, Hinsdale Stripe.....sold for 15; selling now, Riverside Worsted ... sold for 12; selling now, PANTALOONS.

English Stripe....sold for \$8.00; selling now, \$6.00 Harris Cassimere, sold for 7.00; selling now, 5.00 Globe Mills do....sold for 6.00; selling now, 4.50 Norwalk do......sold for 5.00; selling now, 4.00 Debson's S'd do. sold for 4.00; selling now, 3.00

Union Plaid. . . . . sold for 3.00; selling now, 2.00 vy Work Pt's, sold for 2.50; selling now, 1.50 Special attention is called to the following Goods, which have been reduced in proportion: Fine Black Cloth Dress Suits. Youths' Dress and Business Suits

Beys' Overcoats, Dress and School Suits. Children's Cape Overcoats and Ulsters. Children's Dress and Every Day Suits.

A. STRAUS, 1011 Pennsylvania avenue. Hetween 10th and 11th street.

"BUSINESS."

AFTER MATURE DELIBERATION WE HAVE DETERMINED NOT TO CARRY OVER ANY PART

OF OUR PRESENT STOCK OF WINTER GOODS. AND TO CLOSE OUT IMMEDIATELY

ALL OUR OVERCOATS AND OTHER WINTER CLOTHING WE WILL SELL AT ABOUT ONE HALF OF FORMER PRICES.

OUR LINE OF OVERCOATS

Is still quite full, having manufactured in anticipation of a much larger demand than has been realized, and as we do not wish or intend to carry them ever, an opportunity is given to buy them at about half price; so that a fine, number one Overcoat may now be had for what was formerly charged for the commonest grades.

# IN WINTER SUITS

We have also a large overstock, the supply having exceeded the demand for the present season. These goods must be run off. We will not hold them over. So that if you want Clothing at all this is decidedly the best opportunity you will have for getting it at

> MAKE A NOTE OF OUR GRAND DRIVING SALES WHEN YOU START TO BUY YOUR CLOTHING,

HABLE BROTHERS, EXTENSIVE CLOTHIERS, Corner of Seventh and D sts.

# SPECIAL FOR HOLIDAY TRADE.

TOILET SETS and VASES; new designe, at all Decorated CHAMEER SETS; beautiful styles,

Artful designs of CASTERS, BUTTER DISHES and other Plated Ware of Rogers' best makes. A large variety of ROGERS' TABLE CUT-LBRY, FORKS, SPOONS, ETC. All these goods I will sell at astonishing LOW FIGURES.

H. HOLLANDER.

807 Market Space.

418 Seventh street, 414-tr Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall. COOK'S IMPERIAL CHAMPAGNE. The best American wine in the market; dry, writy, and has less per centage of alcohol than any imported brand. Good taste and regard for home Per case, \$15.00 currency.

HALL & HUME,

# SPECIAL NOTICES.

PERSONS DESIRING TO PARFICI-PATE at the GRAND BALL OF THE KNIGHTS OF ST. PATRICK IN BALTIMORE will apply to the undersigned for thair round trip tick ts. at reduced rates. Train leaves Baltimore and Potomac Depot at 7:30 p. m. 11 H. M. C. DANEHER, 225 F st. n.w.

THE MURPHY TEMPERANCE MEETINGS IN LINCOLN HALL,
SUNDAY AFTERNOON. Jan 27, at 3 o'clock.
MONDAY MORNING. Jan. 23, at 10:30 o'cl'k,
TUESDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, THURSDAYS,
FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS at 10:30 a, m, and
7:30 p.m.

7:30 p.m.
Co are tickets, transferable, admitting to each TUESDAY EVENING for four weeks are now ready and for sale at Ballantyne's bookstore, 428 7th st., at \$2 each, including a reserved seat. The sustaining membership tickets of the Y. M. C. A. course will admit to a reserved seat on FRIDAY EVENINGS. To all others on the latter evening an admission fee of 50 cents will be charged, including a reserved seat. Apply at the Y. M. C. A. rooms for the FRIDAY EVENING reserved seats. All other meetings except the TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS are FREE to all. Persons desiring to avoid the rush and crowd are recommended to patronize the pay evenings. j21-6t A small lot of Washington or Georgetown quarterly, or half yearly, STOCK is wanted, for which a liberal price will be paid. LEWIS JOHNSON & CO., 10th and Pennsylvania ave. j17-10t

MISSISQUOI SPRING WATER. The water of this great spring is a specific for CANCER, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, SCROFULA, CUTANEOUS AFFECTIONS, and all diseases arising from impurities of the BLOOD.

The water is sold by all prominent Druggists, and pamphlets containing wonderful cures can be had by addressing "Missisquoi Springs, Franklin Co., Verment. jan3-eo3w

UNRIVALLED IN QUALTY AND PRICE. Champagne Wines of

MOET & CHANDON, MOET & CHANDON, Established 1843. RENAULD, FRANCOIS & CO., Sole Agents for U. S.

CARD. To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy wasdiscovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York city.

HOLIDAY GOODS. Cologne Sets, in great variety; Odor Cases, Cut and Decorated Toilet Bottles, Ivory Brushes, Celluloid Sets in Cases, Tortoise Shell Combs, Farina Colognes, Lubin and Atkinson's Handkerchief Ex. tracts.

W. S. THOMPSON, 703 15TH STREET.

TO HOT SODA, COFFEE, TEA AND CHOCOLATE,

MILBURN'S, 1429 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. COLD SODA AND MINERAL WATER on draught during the winter. SAMUEL G. YOUNG,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

OFFICE-STAR BUILDING.

NOTICE.—Those persons claiming TITLE to Lots or parts of lots in squares, in Washington city, D. C., numbering from 368 to 559, inclusive, (or other squares.) derived originally from Comfort Sands' estate, and not derived by direct deed from said Comfort Sands, Robert C. Sands or Jelia M. Sands, are hereby notified that their titles are seriously defective and irregular, and that claim is made to said lots by the heirs of the late Dewitt C. Wilson, by good and effectual conveyances received from Julia M. Sands, the legal heir of Comfort and Robert C. Sands, deceased and such dealers. fort and Robert C. Sands, deceased, and such ciaim will be enforced after proper notice. Especial at-tention is called to the so-called conveyances of

For full particulars and releases apply to
CHARLES K. WESTBROOK.

Attorney-at-Law and in fact of said heirs, 928 F
street, office of Helmick & Alleman, or 764
Broad street, Newark, N. J. j16-1m

Elias Kane, D. A. Hall and Count Julius de Mea-

THE CELEBRATED

JAQUES LECOULTRE RAZORS.

A large assortment just received.

FRENCH TRAVELING AND ALARM CLOCKS, Of various sizes and decorations.

M. W. GALT, BRO. & CO., JEWELLERS.

LUMBER.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

WILLET & LIBBEY,

CORNER SIXTH STREET AND N. Y. AVENUE.

OUR PRICE LIST IS THE LOWEST

LATHS! LATHS! LATHS!

LATHS-Best Banger; per thousand......\$2.00 JOIST STUDS; per hundred feet .......... 1.50

FENCING 1x6, 16 FEET; per hundred...... 1.50

WASHBOARDS, Dressed & Jointed; CLEAR 1.50

WIDE 18-INCH BOARDS, Dressed...... 2.50 GEORGIA HEART FLOORING, LARGE

PAILINGS, DRESSED, 4 PATTERNS, With

DRY LUMBER Under Cover in our Large DRY LUMBER SHED.

WILLET & LIBBEY. CORNER SIXTH STREET AND N. Y. AVENUE.

dll-tr

SECOND ANNUAL CLOSING-OUT SALES.

20 per cent. discount on all WOOLEN GOODS. 20 per cent. discount on all HAIR GOODS, such as Braids, Curls, Puffs and Switches. 10 per cent, discount on all classes of Goods. SPECIAL BARGAINS ON OUR COUNTERS.

CHAS. BAUM, jan 17-1 m 408 Seventh street n.w.

TSE IT: USE IT: USE IT: DETERGENT.

One teaspoonful to a gallon of water will wash dishes, tins, floors, glassware; two table-spoonfuls to a tub of water will wash clothing of all kinds, blankets, flannels, Try it on your mirrors (% teaspoonful to a gallon of water.) It will clean hair brushes beautifully.

YOUNG'S DETERGENT. Office 11th and Pennsylvania avenue, jan6-tr Dowling's Auction Rooms. MME. LARMIER, De Paris,
FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKER,
No. 1426 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
oct23-1stp,3m Between 14th and 15th streets.

I EFT-OFF CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, Letter, Watches, Pistols, Jewelry, &c., can be sold for the highest cash price. Gent's Clething especially desired, for which the extreme value will beload, by calling on or addressing HERZOG, \$15 D sixest porthwest. Orders promptly attended to,

## THE EVENING STAR.

Washington News and Gossip. GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS TO-DAY.-Internal

revenue, \$201,077.22; customs, \$346,179.48. SENATOR BLAINE'S DESK was adorned with a choice basket of flowers to-day.

REPRESENTATIVE BRIDGES, of Pennsylvania, who has been quite ill for several weeks, was in his seat in the House to-day. CAPTAIN WM. M. WHERRY, 6th infantry, has been ordered to this city to complete certain

records of the war, under the instructions of

the commanding general Department of West CHICAGO WHISKY CASES.-The Attorney General addressed a letter yesterday to the District Attorney at Chicago instructing him to proceed at once in the prosecution of the

NAVAL ORDERS.-Lieut. Commander C. F. Goodrich ordered to duty at the torpedo station, Newport, R. I., 15th February; Lieut. C. C. Cornwell to duty in the Asiatic station, via

CONFIRMED.-The Senate, in executive session yesterday, confirmed the nomination of J. M. Edmunds, to be postmaster of Washing-THE SENATE COMMITTEE on railroads met

again to-day and heard Messrs. Jacobs and

McGilvey, in behalf of the claim of the people of Washington territory, for the construction of the Walla-Walla road. THE NOMINATION OF J. P. LOGE to be postmaster at Cincinnati was confirmed in executive session yesterday, and a motion to reconsider entered. A member of the firm of Leasangood, of Cincinnati, wholesale dealers in oilcloth, has filed charges virtually claiming that Loge is not honest, and that he endeav-

ored to defraud the firm of Leasangood while a merchant at Lawrenceburg, Indiana, and a

customer of the firm. THE SOUTH CAROLINA WHISKY WAR .- Col. Wagner writes to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue from Greenville, S. C., that hearing that Gov. Hampton had called for and received information from a citizen of Union county concerning the recent affair there between revenue officers and the militia, he waited on the Governor in company with the U.S. Marshal and the Revenue Collector, and was shown written accounts of the affair. which were chiefly false, whereupon he furnished the Governor with the facts, but came away impressed with the conviction that Gov. Hampton would avail himself of any pretext to avoid the promises he made some days ago in reference to sustaining the officers in the execution of their duty. Gov. Hampton complained that the officers who had the trouble with the militia were low people, and expressed a surmise that they might have first provoked the difficulty with the militia. He said he had written a letter to the President about them, and Wagner proposes to write the Com-

IN FAVOR OF THE HEATHEN CHINEE.-A meeting of the Senate committee on foreign affairs was held this morning, and a hearing was given Prof. Welles Williams, a gentleman who has passed many years in China as an attache of the American legation, interpreter, &c. Prof. Williams spoke in favor of unlimited immigration of Chinese to this country. He is said to have taken a missionary view of the benefits which, in his estimation, would accrue from free Chinese immigration.

missioner, giving some account of the charac-

ter of the men so aspersed.

ANOTHER ATTACK ON REVENUE OFFICERS IN SOUTH CAROLINA.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has received information from Revenue Agent Wagner, of South Carolina, that while Deputy Marshal Pitman was removing a prisoner for violating the revenue laws from Greenville, S. C., to Walhalla, by order of Judge Bryan, for the purpose of giv-ing bail for his appearance, while waiting to make a change of cars at Seneca, three men appeared and assaulted the deputy, throwing him down and holding him there, calling to the prisoner to make his escape, which he did. The deputy was severely handled, threatened with death, abused and cursed in the presence of a number of by-standers who had gathered, but who rendered him no assistance to prevent the rescue and escape of his prisoner.

THE PRESENTATION of the statue of William King, of Maine, to the Memorial Hall of Congress was begun in the Senate to-day. Senators Hamlin and Blaine made the presentation

No Vote will be obtained on the Matthews resolution in the Senate to-day. Senator Cockerill has yet to finish his speech, and Messrs. Randolph and Lamar are to follow. A vote may be obtained late to-morrow on the resolu-

CAUCUS OF THE SILVER MEN IN THE HOUSE, The Congressional advocates of a greenback currency, the repeal of the resumption law, and the remonetization of silver, held a meeting last evening in the rooms of the judiciary committee. Representative Buckner was elected president, Representative Phillips, of Missouri, secretary, and Gen. Rice, of Ohio, treasurer. Gen. Butler made a speech, in which he said that he hoped the legal tenders never would be redeemed in gold, that they were now equal in value to gold, because the pledge of the United States was upon their face to redeem them. A finance committee and an executive committee of seven were appointed. It was agreed that in case the President vetoed the silver bill to insert the Bland bill in every

appropriation bill passed by the House. THE NEW YORK PETITIONS. - A corres. pondent writes to us correcting the paragraph in this column yesterday, that the New York petitions, presented by Senator Conkling yesterday, were from laboring men "against the remonetization of silver and praying for the repeal of the resumption act." The petitions were in favor of the remonetization of silver and the repeal of the resumption act. As to the petitioners being laborers he says, "the petitions were signed by merchants, manufacturers, officers and trustees of savings institutions, professional men and laborers, but a large majority were farmers."

DISTINGUISHED ARRIVAL. - The Earl of Dufferin, Governor General of Canada, arrived in Washington yesterday, and will be Sir Edward Thornton's guest during his stay.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY AND THE FREED-MEN'S HOSPITAL.-We learn from one of the trustees of Howard University, that it has no connection whatever with the management of the Freedmen's Hospital. It owns all the buildings and nearly all the spacious grounds occupied by the hospital, and also the steam engine and pumping apparatus. All these it rents to the government, reserving in the lease, as part of the compensation, the use of the pumping apparatus sufficiently to keep the tank in the university filled, from which the houses of the professors are supplied. The trustees have never protested against the removal of Dr. Palmer, in case there should appear sufficient ground. They have simply requested Secretary Schurz and the President not to make a change without the amplest reason, because Dr. Palmer is also the dean of their medical faculty, lectures gratuitously, and affords valuable aid to the medical stu-dents by their admission to the hospital; and because they have always had reason to confide in his integrity and ability. Secretary Schurz assured the President, in the presence of the trustees, that he made no charges which reflected on the moral integrity of Dr. Palmer but it was simply a question of efficient man

A MEETING of the Senate committee on military affairs was held to-day. It was agreed to report favorably the confirmations of Benj. F. Hancock, of Philadelphia, to be second lieutenant 2d infantry; Augustus C. Macomb to be second lieutenant 4th infantry; the appointment of Erastus W. Maxwell to be second lieutenant 20th infantry. Mr. Plumb's bill to create an additional article of war prohibiting cambling in the army was reported hibiting gambling in the army was reported favorably from sub-committee and made the special order for the next meeting of the committee. House bill No. 376 for the payment of the three months' extra bounty to soldiers of the Mexican war, was agreed to, with an amendment providing that the same payment be made officers, petty officers, sailors, and marines, serving in the Mexican war.

## ITALY'S DEAD KING.

Requiem Mass at St. Aloysius This morning at half-past ten o'clock re quiem mass was sung in St. Aloysius church for the repose of the soul of Victor Emmanuel,

the late king of Italy. Long before the hour appointed such a crowd had assembled as has seldom been seen in that vicinity. The members of the Societa Unione Fratellanza Italiana, assisted by a number of policemen, attempted to keep an open way for the invited guests, including many prominent persons, out their efforts were useless-they didn't commence early enough in the day. The crowd got the advantage, slowly but surely. and Cabinet officers, foreign ministers and others, who did not present their credentials at the sacristy entrance had to take their chances, and were bandied about until res-cused by policemen. Ladies who had invita tions fared no better, and there was great fear of serious accident, as those in the rear pushed those in front against the iron fence. The arrangements in the interior of the church were better, and those who reached it were rapidly assigned seats, as long as they lasted. The wall on either side of the chancel were draped in mourning. A cluster of white flowers with the word "Jesus" in the center, in carnations, on the altar directly above the crucifix, was the only floral decoration inside the altar rail. Directly in front of the altar a large platform was erected, covered with black cloth; on it a catafalque trimmed with Italian colors and garlands of white flowers. A very handsome burial easket came next, draped in mourning, with a silken band of Italian colors running around it: smilax, calla lilies, tube-roses and camelias were festooned from the sides. Surmounting all, on a black standard, was a gilt crown, and crossed in front of it were a sword and scabbard. The platform was covered with a great variety of flowers and plants and a great many wax candles. On the front of the platform were the American flag and Italian flag and coat-of-arms. The front pews were reserved for the President, members of the Cabinet and members of foreign legations.

The President occupied the pew directly in front of the catafalque. He was accompanied by Mrs. Hayes, Webb Hayes, Miss Platt. and Miss Smith, of Chicago. Among the others present were all the members of the Cabinet. many of them accompanied by ladies: Baron Blanc, Count Litta, and others of the Italian legation; Sir Edward Thornton and members of the British legation in full dress; and members of the other foreign legations, all in the official uniform of their respective countries. Vice President Wheeler, Speaker Randall, Chief Justice Waite, Justice Bradley, and many Senators and Representatives were present: also, a number of army and naval officers in full uniform. It was nearly 11 o'clock before all the crowd that could get in had been admitted, and the aisles were crowded. At 11 o'clock, the procession entered the altar

space from the sacristy. Father McEuen offi-ated at the mass, assisted by Fathers Ciampi and Jenkins. Their vestments were of black satin, trimmed with white satin. At the opening of the services the choir, which had received some valuable additions, began Mozart's grand requiem mass, which was rendered in a magnificent manner. Mr. Harry Sherman presided at the organ. During the offertory, after high mass, "O Salutaris" was rendered by the regular quartette choir, consisting of Miss Eva Mills, Mrs. Sherman, and Messrs. Pugh and Gannon. The Catholic funeral service concluded the ceremonies, at

As the immense audience slowly came out of the church the Marine band, which was stationed on the outside porch, played some appropriate pieces. During the services a ady, whose name was unknown, was overcome by the great pressure and excitement, and fainted. She was carried out of the church by policemen.

# Simmons, the Sculptor.

Mr. Franklin Simmons during the four years he has been absent in Italy since his last visit to Washington has, among his other public works, completed for this city the Naval Monument, which stands at the foot of the National Capitol, as well as the statue of Gov. King, of Maine, which will be uncovered in Memorial Hall to-day. His statue of Roger Williams, in Memorial Hall, executed to the order of the state of Rhode Island, is generally accepted as a work of decided merit, and it has served to create a great interest in the

future career of the yet youthful artist, who gives promise of adding so much to the already e editable record of American sculptors. The Naval Monument has just been completed by putting in place the figure of Peace. This monument, as declared in the inscription, is erected to "the memory of the officers, seamen and marines of the U. S. navy who fell in support of the Union, and the liberty of the coun-The main group represents Grief and History. Grief leans upon History and finds relief in view of the honorable achievements of the dead. This is the sentiment expressed by the group. Below is a group of triangular form, in which Victory holds aloft a crown of laurel. In her left hand she holds a branch of oak, to indicate that strength accompanies victory. On each side of her, completing the group, are emblematic figures representing Mars and Neptune. On the opposite side of the monument is a group representing Peace. with emblems of peace and industry. Peace is partially draped, which gives variety to the appearance of the composition. She extends in her right hand the olive branch, while her left arm sustains the drapery which covers the lower part of the figure. A dove has lit upon the sheaf of wheat, which, with the horn of plenty and the broken ground on the right hand, indicates Agriculture and Plenty; while on the other side are the emblems of Science,

Literature and Art. This monument is in the classic style of art, intended to be the practical expression of the feelings which caused the monument to be erected. The whole composition of the work is new, and quite unlike any other memorial erected to commemorate the Clvil War. The composition and the general simplicity of the design and execution of the drapery shows that the artist made a careful study of the best models of antiquity, and endeavored to form a style after the best principles of classic art. This group, when it was completed by Mr. Simmons in his studio at Rome, excited great interest among the artists of all nations, and it was generally spoken of as one of the most original and satisfactory works of our time. It was a question among some of these artists if the monument would not have been more effective if it had consisted of this group of Grief and History alone upon a simple pedestal. But it is held more generally that the additional figures are so much in keeping with the intention of the memorial that they do not

interfere with the sentiment of the crowning Mr. Simmons, who is now about thirty-seven years old, has already executed some twenty works, public and private, and shows steady progress in his art. He is a thoroughly con scientious artist, having a high ideal of excellence, and his future work will certainly show no deterioration, and will very likely indicate

a marked advance. TAXES ON INSOLVENT SAVINGS BANKS .-The Senate committee on finance this morning agreed to report favorably Senator Davis (Ill.) bill to remit taxes on insolvent savings banks, which provides "that in any case wherein a bank which was in existence June 18, 1874, and which has claimed to be a savings bank, and which has been recognized as such by the laws of its state, and which has made returns as a savings bank to the bureau of internal revenue, has become or shall become insolvent, then any tax due or claimed to be due by such bank to the United States, at the time of or during such insolvency, shall be by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue abated and annulled: Provided. That no such tax shall be abated except in so far as the collection thereof would operate to lessen the sum receivable by the depositors in such bank."

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.-Immediately after the services at St. Aloysius church to-day the President and the Cabinent ministers proceeded to the White House, where they all took lunch before convening the Cabinet session. After lunch Sir Edward Thornton, accompanied by Lord Dufferin, governor general of Canada, called. The President received them down stairs with Secretary Evarts. The distinguished visitors remained some time in pleasant conversation, and consequently it was unusually late before the Cabinet meeting was adjourned.

ALFRED SMITH, the millionaire broker of Newport, R. I., well known to nearly all the habitues of that fashionable resort, has been held in \$500 bail for an alleged outrageous assauit upon a married woman. Mr. Smith inti-mated that it was a case of blackmail. The examining court did not take that view of it. THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has ordered that hereafter on all unpaid mes-sages the word "collect" should be charged for as a portion of the telegram. On a San

Francisco dispatch this will make a difference

of thirteen cents.

# FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

TUESDAY, January 22. SENATE.-The Senate did not meet until 1:30 p. m., having adjourned to that hour to enable Senators to attend the memorial ser-

vices to the king of Italy. Mr. Conkling presented a number of peti-tions from citizens of New York asking that silver may be remonetized and the repeal of he resumption act. Also, several petitions in relation to the tariff. Mr. Hoar presented memorial of citizens of

Boston in relation to the preservation of the public lands for actual settlers. Mr. Dawes presented a protest of the Fall River board of trade against the passage of Mr. Withers presented resolutions adopted at a meeting of citizens of Alexandria, Va.,

in favor of the remonetization of silver, the substitution of greenbacks for national bank notes, and the repeal of the resumption act. Also, a petition from the depositors of the Richmond branch of the Freedmen's Savings Bank asking to be reimbursed by the govern-Mr. Kernan presented petitions for the remonetization of silver and the repeal of the

resumption act. A number of petitions from different sections of the country were presented by several Senators asking that no hasty action be had on the tariff, which, with the above, were reerred to appropriate committees.

Mr. Dawes introduced a bill providing for taking certain parcels of land for a congres-sional library building. Placed on the calen-

Mr. Paddock introduced a bill to amend the statute in relation to the immediate movement of imported goods. Placed on the calen-Mr. Hamlin, at the expiration of the morning hour, offered a resolution extending the

thanks of Congress to the governor (and through him to the people) of Maine for the statue of Wm. King, whose name is so intimately connected with the history of the state, and that the statue be placed in the hall of statues; and that a certified copy of these resulting olutions be sent to the governor of the state. HOUSE .- A note was received from Speaker Randall announcing his unavoidable absence

to preside temporarily. The latter accordingy called the House to order. Mr. Turner asked leave to offer a resolution for the appointment of a special committee to report upon the present depressed condition of the country, and to recommend such measures as will, in their opinion, restore prosperiy. He asked that the resolution be spread apon the journal.

to-day, and designating Hon. Heister Clymer

Mr. White (Pa.) objected. Mr. Tucker, from committee of ways and means, reported back the bill extending the time for the withdrawal of distilled spirits now in bond till July 1st, 1878, and asked im-Mr. Cummings and Mr. Hale objected, and suggested that the bill should first be consid-

ered in committee of the whole. Mr. Tucker explained the operation of the bonded warehouse law, and said that this bill was only intended as a measure of temporary relief until the committee and the House could definitely settle the question of the reduction of the tax on distilled spirits. This bill itself does not affect that tax. He believed the passage of this bill would be advantageous to the interests of the revenue, because if manufacturers were now compelled to remove spir its from bond so much capital would be tied

Mr. Hale insisted upon his point that the bill must go to the committee of the whole, and it was so referred. Mr. Tucker gave notice that he would move to go into committee at the expiration of the morning hour. Mr. Hale, from committee on appropriations. reported the fortification appropriation bill.

Mr. Burchard also urged the passage of the

and gave notice that he would call it up on Mr. Riddle offered a resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to transmit a report of claims allowed by the quartermaster general and commissary general under act of 1834. and not heretofore reported; referred to committee on claims.

Mr. Throckmorton, from committee on Indian affairs, reported substitute for bill authorizing an election of a delegate in Congress from the Indian Territory; recommitted. Mr. Waddell asked leave to report from the post office committee and have considered at this time, the bill to fix the pay of letter car

Mr. Blunt objected. Mr. Willis, from committee on naval affairs. reported back bill to authorize Rear Admiral . Almy, U.S.N., to accept a decoration from the king of the Hawaiian Islands. Passed Also, from same committee, submitted a reported upon the bill to authorize and equip an expedition to the Arctic seas. Report ordered printed. Also, from same committee, reported bill for relief of the captors of the Ram Albe marle. Ordered printed and recommitted. Mr. Hanna, from same committee, reported adversely upon the petition of Mrs. Elizabeth Goldsborough, widow of the late Rear Admiral Goldsborough, for increase of pension.

ed adversely on the bill for relief of H. D. Potts, late an assistant engineer U. S. Navy. Mr. Monroe, from committee on foreign af fairs, reported back a joint resolution authorizing Prof. Spencer F. Baird, of the Smith-sonian Institute, to receive from the King of Sweden a diploma and medal, constituting him a member of the society of St. Olaf, a lite

Mr. Danford, from same committee, report

rary and scientific association. Passed. Mr. Ewing, from committee on banking and currency, reported a resolution instructing the committee on banking and currency to ascertain and report for the information of the House as soon as practicable, the amount of gold and silver coin and bullion now held by the mints of the United States: the amount gold obligations now due or which will fall due on January 1st, 1879; the amount of bonds sold by the Secretary, not yet paid for, and the date or dates when the coin is payable. Also, to report the probable amount of gold and silver now held in the United States and the amount of coin and bullion which may be expected by January, 1879. Also, to ascertain and report the probable amount of loans of banking institutions, and the amount of coin, bullion and legal tenders held by them so far as the information can be obtained; and also to report upon such other measures as will enable the government to resume specie payment. And that for the purpose of carrying out this resolution the committee be authorized to examine witnesses and employ such experts as in their judgment may be deemed

#### necessary. The resolution was adopted.

The clouds of yesterday decidedly discouraged general visiting; nevertheless some of the receptions were very well attended. Those who called at Mrs. Clemmer's residence were received by her mother and sister, who gave the gratifying intelligence that Mrs. Clemmer was convalescent. All danger of fever is now over, and it is believed the only serious result of the accident is a sprain of the foot, which the physicians hope will be entirely well in two or three weeks. She is now able to sit up in her bedroom, and hopes to see her friends in another week. All the diplomatic corps will attend the

Society.

Spanish minister's reception to-morrow even ing in court dress, and the army and navy officers will wear full uniform. Miss Cropsey, the daughter of the artist, is expected to visit friends in Washington soon. The President and Mrs. Hayes dined last vening with General and Mrs. Humphreys. Other guests were invited at 9 o'clock. Mrs. A. Pollok has issued cards for Thurs-

day evenings, January 24 and February 7th, from 9 to 11 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Fassett will be "at home" on Wednesdays, January 30th, February 20th, March 20th, and April 24th, at 9 p. m., and have issued invitations for those evenings. Secretary and Mrs. Evarts will give a dinner to some of the diplomatic families on Satur-The Literary Society will meet at the residence of Mr. Nordhoff on Saturday evening,

Admiral and Mrs. Core Jones have invited

guests for Saturday evening next.

Col. Van Buren and his handsome daughter will remain at the Arlington about ten days Mr. Levey, of Melbourne, Australia, arrived Mr. Levey, of Melbourne, Australia, arrived at the Riggs house yesterday. He and his wife (formerly Mrs. Bouligny) had not met for nearly a year, she having been compelled by the death of her mother to leave her husband within five weeks after their marriage and return here from San Francisco, while he was obliged to sail for Australia. They will sail for France on the 6th of February. He is a commissioner to the Paris Exposition.

The greenbackers of Tennessee hold a state convention in Nashville February 18th.

# Telegrams to The Star.

TURKEY'S LAST DITCH.

Suleiman Pasha Defeated.

SAN FRANCISCO'S LABOR EXCITEMENT.

FRAUDS AND FAILURES.

THE EASTERN QUESTION. Russia Snubs Her Humble Allies. LONDON, Jan. 22.-Dispatches from Vienna say that Russia has taken the fate of Roumania, Servia, and Montenegro into her own hands, and none of them will be represented in the negotiations with Turkey. This is caus-ing much ill-feeling at Bucharest, while the Servians are bending their energies to occupy

ing before a cessation of hostilities is ordered.

as much as possible of the territory known as

old Servia, which they intend to claim as their

compensation. Suleiman Pasha Defeated and His Army Scattered: LONDON, Jan. 23.—A Russian official dis-patch from Kezanlip, January 19th, says that General Gourko fought Suleiman Pasha from the 15th to the 18th instant. The Turks were finally driven into the Rhodope mountains Their loss was 4,000 killed and 3,000 prisoners. Forty-nine guns were also captured.

The Infamous Bashi-Bazonks. LONDON, Jan. 22.—A Constantinople dispatch eccived at Paris says that the whole district f Bourgas has been devastated by Bashi Baouks and Circassians, who slaughtered the inhabitants and burned villages.

Russian Dispatches. A Russian official dispatch from Tiflis says: "General Komarsoff's detachment from Arda-nutsch stormed Artirn on the 13th inst. The Turks lost heavily and the Russians slightly. Another Russian official dispatch from Kezanlik, January 20, says: "General Strukoff reports from the town of Mustafa Pasha (twenty miles northwest of Adrianople), on the 19th inst., that a panic prevailed at Adrianople. The Turkish government and garrison have withdrawn, after exploding the powder magazines and ammunition depots. The reports of the explosions were heard at Gen. Strukoff's headquarters. Fire and civil disturbances had broken out and the representatives of five different nationalities had to come to Mustafa Pasha to entreat Gen. Strukoff to hasten to Adrianople and restore order. This dispatch shows that the Russians were not passing forward as rapidly as the Turkish accounts represent. It is also remarkable on account of the absence of any mention of negotiations or of the actual or expected arrival of the Turkish plenipotentiaries.

#### BUSINESS BREAKDOWNS. Trouble in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.-Third street this morning was agitated over the troubles affect ing the houses in the morocco trade. The principal house in trouble is E. & C. Stokes, importers of hides and skins. Mr. E. Stokes said this morning that the firm had not yet de cided what course they would take, but would make a decision to-day. The firm attributes he cause of their trouble to the fall of George W. Hummell & Co., who were unable to meet even the interest of their obligations, and who elied on E. and C. Stokes to meet it for them. This firm is indebted to E. & C. Stokes to the extent of over \$200,000. The following houses are also reported insolvent: John Deemer's Sons', \$90,000; Wm. R. Stewart & Co., \$12,000; Hammond & Dwyes, \$3,000; Harvey Lynch & Co., \$16,000; Stewart Allen, \$12,000; Édward Evans & Co., \$80,000; O. Bockins, \$20,000; J. G. Baker, manufacturing company of Wilmington, \$190,000. E. &C. Stokes, who will, no doubt. make an assignment to-day, are creditors for about three-fourths of all the liabilities of the above-named firms. They decline to state the total amount of their own liabilities, but claim to hold the papers of other merocco firms to he amount of from \$700,000 to \$800,000. Ellis stokes states that his firm has been keeping the other firms going for years, and were crip pling themselves trying to accommodate them. We had," he said, "to press them at last, and the result is failure. Our annual business will probably amount to \$1,000,000. We shall go out of business; but only temporarily. It is an almost inexplicable mass of obligations one to the other, and I would be willing to go through he bankruptcy court to settle it up." Geo. W. Hummel, of Hummel & Co., deny that their failure to pay their notes on Friday pre-cipitated the trouble. He says that the cause of the trouble was the failure of E. & C. Stokes to take up their notes as accommodation paper. He further says that E. & C. Stokes were partners in his firm, and are therefore liable first as makers and then endorsers of the paper

which went to protest. Failures in New York. NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—S. M. Bixby & Co., manufacturers of blacking, have failed; liabilities, \$123,000. Bennett & Smith, manufac turers and jobbers of felt cloth and felt skirts in Leonard street, have suspended; liabilities,

And Yet Another in Philadelphia. Philadelphia, Jan. 22.—H. Schenck & Son, well known patent medicine manufacturers, have suspended. Liabilities not known yet. The cause of the suspension is said to have been the recent suspension of the New York drug firm of John F. Henry, Curran & Co. Failures in Newark.

from \$50,000 to \$75,000.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 22.- A sheep-skin dealer, named Samuel Dunn, has failed. He offers to pay his creditors 50 cents on the dollar. The amount of his liabilities is unknown. Wm. N. Randall, dealer in house-furnishing goods, failed to-day. His failure was caused by endorsing for the bankrupt firm of E. C. Smith & Co., and the failure of the Citizen's Insurance 'o., and embarrassment of other institutions in which he was interested. His liabilities and assets are unknown. An assignment of his property has just been made.

#### LABOR EXCITEMENT IN SAN FRAN-CISCO. The Workingmen's Convention Last Night.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Jan. 22.-The workingmen held their convention last night. The police discovered the place of meeting, and made a descent upon it. The police captain, in charge of the squadron, is vested with discretionary authority. He entered the hall, and finding that the proceedings were of a quiet and legitimate character, forbore to interfere, and the convention completed the business of the evening, and adjourned without disturbance, until Wednesday evening, after effecting a permanent organization. A committee was appointed to obtain a writ of mandamus commanding the mayor to show cause why the convention should not be permitted to hold its sessions undisturbed. There was an evident disposition to discountenance the violent and incendiary course of Kearney and his coadjutors, and to conduct the labor ag tation in a peaceful and lawful manner. Some of the men, who are known to be in opposition, were prominent in the proceedings, and in conversation with members after the adjournment, and it was freely stated that they preferred that Kearney should remain in jail. as he did the party more harm than good. A bill has been drawn up for introduction in the legislature providing for an inquiry as to the cause of the present excitement, fixing the responsibility therefor where it may be found to

#### properly belong. NEW YORK LEGISLATURE. The Coal Combination. ALBANY, Jan. 22,-The assembly has passed the resolution authorizing inquiry into the re-

cent so-called coal combination.

The Bland Silver Bill. In the senate to-day, when the resolution de-nouncing the Bland silver bill was called up, Senator Sessions offered an amendment, reciting that the good faith of the nation is pledged to the redemption of the coin obligations of the government in gold and silver. with the unlimited legal tender clause restored to be made in full equivalent of gold; that any violation of the public faith would be injurious to the public credit and hurtful to the good name of our country; that any debasement of the currency unsettles business, disorganizes industry, and injures labor, and that therefore the enactment of any law by the Congress of the United States calculated to prevent re-sumption on a gold and silver basis within the time fixed by law, would be a great public calamity. After discussion, the whole subject was laid on the table.

Swindling Bankers Sentenced. READING, PA., Jan. 22.—Jacob and John Huntzinger, late president and cashier of the Miners' Trust Company of Pottsville were this morning sentenced each to two years solitary confinement and to pay a fine of \$500; also to refund to Thomas Kerns, the prosecutor \$24,000 with cost. eutor, \$24,000, with cost,

Willard, while associate justice of the court over which he now presides, and in common with Justices Moses and Wright. was bribed to render a favorable decision in two certain cases then pending in court. Capital Punishment for Burglary, Arson, and Rape. The house passed a bill providing capital punishment for the crime of burglary, arson and rape, with a proviso that juries may recommend prisoners to mercy under certain circum tances, in which event the panishment shall be imprisonment for life. It is noteworthy that this measure passed by a strict

SOUTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE. Charge of Bribery Against Judge Willard.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—A special from Columbia (S.C.), says: In the state senate yesterday

a concurrent resolution was introduced that a committee to consist of three members on the

part of the senate and three on the part of the house, be appointed to investigate all charges

of corruption and bribery or misconduct in office preferred against Chief Justice Willard,

the committee to report to the general assembly by resolution or otherwise. The resolu-tions, which has produced a marked sensation here, is based upon charges made by Senator

Gary in the senate on Saturday last and reiterated by him to-day, to the effect that Judge

# party vote, the white and colored republicans having fought it strenuously for two days

A Raitroad Smash-Up.

New York, Jan. 22.—The Telegram has a special from Philadelphia which says: "There has been a railroad smash-up near New Brunswick, and all the trains are stopped. No particulars have as yet been received, and it is impossible to tell whether or not any persons

were injured. A Badly Managed Savings Bank. TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 22.—The report of the examiner into the condition of the State Savings Bank of this city says it is evident that the assets will fail far short of the liabilities In the opinion of the examiner, the affairs of

the institution have been badly managed. The Markets. BALTIMORE, January 22.—Virginia sixes, deferred, 4: do, consolidated, 54: do, second series, 39½: North Carolina sixes, old, 16; do, new, 7 bid to-day. Sugar steady and demand fair,

7 bid to-day. Sugar steady and demand fair, 9\(^{1}\)a9\ 10w, 53a54; western mixed, spot, 55; February, 554; March, 56a564; western steamer, 50. Oats more active and firmer—southern, 33a38; western white, 36a37; do, mixed, 34a36; Pennsylvania, 36a37. Rye quiet and steady 64a66; Plansylvania, 36a37. white, 36:37; do, mixed, 34:36; Pennsylvania, 36: a37. Rye quiet and steady, 64:66. Hay steady and unchanged. Provisions duil, steady and unchanged. Butter, fine grades scarce and firm; others duil and nominal—choice western roll, 18a: 20; do, packed, 20:a22. Petroleum nominally firmer—refined, 12. Coffee duil and weak—Rio cargoes, 15:a18\*4; jobbing, 15\*4:a19\*5. Whisky nominal, 167. Receipts—flour, 2.300; wheat, 36,500; corn, 86,000; oats, 3,000. Shapments—wheat, 29,000; corn, 26,000.

NEW YORK, January 22.—Stocks advanced in early dealings, but afterwards decilined. Money,

early dealings, but afterwards declined. Money, 6a7. Gold. 100% 100%. Exchange, long, 480%; NEW YORK, January 22.—Flour dull and declining. Wheat ½ and 1 cent better, Corn rather more steady. LONDON, January 22, 12:30 p. m. - Erie, 9:4. New Jersey Central conso's, 66. ----

ADRIANOPLE—Description of the City, Which is a Center of Interest Just Nov.—Adrianople is situated at the confluence of the Tundja, the Maritza and the Arda, and is about 135 miles from Constantinople. Its population has been variously estimated at from \$0.000 to 140,000 inhabitants. According to the most trustworthy accounts about half of these are Turks, 30,000 Bulgarians and Greeks, and the remainder Jews and Armenians. Adrianople was taken by the Turks from the Greek emperors in 1362, and was made the capital of the Turkish empire, remaining so until Constantinople was seized in 1453. It is at present virtually an open town. The old part is surrounded by a wall and contains a citadei, but these are now useless as defences. Recently more modern works have been constructed by the Turks, but these are only of field or at most of a provisional type, in the opinion of Von Mottke, the hollow roads, ditches and garden walls without the town afford great facilities for its defence and the approaches may be covered by troops drawn up so as to rest upon the rivers, but only in corps of not less than 10,000 or 40,000 men. The town is, however, overlooked by heights on every side, and, consequently, it would be hardly possible to hold it against an army provided with modern artillery. The first view of Adrianople is described by Von Moltke as being wonderfully beautiful, the white minarets and the lead-roofed cupolas of the mosques, baths and caravanserals rising in countless numbers above the endless mass of flat roofs and the broad tops of the plane trees. The country around is also exceedingly lovely. From the valleys of the rivers hills rise up gently, but to a considerable height, covered with vineyards and orchards: and as far as the eye can reach it sees nothing but fertile fields, groves of fruit trees and flourish-ing villages. Within, however, the streets are narrow and irregular, the shelving roofs of

those on the opposite side of the way. A BRAVE GIRL'S DEATH.-The Rochester Democrat prints a telegram from Batavia. N. V., dated 18th inst., which says: 10.30 this morning the house of Austin Miner, a farmer living on the eastern outskirts of Batavia, was consumed by fire, with all its contents, and a young lady, daughter of Mr. Miner, was burned to death. She had escaped from the house unharmed, but supposit, g in the confusion that her grandmother was in the house, she rushed back into the fire to attempt her rescue, and thus heroically perished. The old lady was at the moment out of the house and comparatively unharmed and safe, while the young lady heroine, after herself escaping a second time from the fire, died while being conveyed to a neighbor's house. Mr. Miner and two of his sons were severely burned about the arms and faces in attempt to rescue the family and stay the flames. The fire occurred from the explosion of some materials that were boiling on the stove,

many of the houses projecting so as to meet

GEN. IGNATIEFF is now in high favor at St Petersburg. A few months ago he was very unpopular on account of having urged on the war without having given the government correct information with regard to Turkey's power of resistance. At that time it was con fidently predicted that he would not be sent back to Constantinopie, and among the candidates for the post of chancellor-that is to say, minister for foreign affairs-on the retirement of Gortschakoff, he was regarded as nowhere. During the last few weeks all this has changed. and now among the candidates for the post of Chancellor he is looked upon as the first favorite. He is now known as Count Ignatieff. In reality, however, this honor was conferred, not on him, but on his father, who was an aide de-camp of Alexander I., and proposed to the Emperor the celebration of the centenary. The ex-ambassador will henceforth be known as Count Ignatieff, simply because in Russia. sons always have the same title as their

under the care of one of the sons.

A GOLD MEDAL FOR STANLEY .- The French Geographical Society gave a banquet to Henry M. Stanley at the Hotel Louvre on Saturday night, which was a magnificent affair. James Gordon Bennett was present. In his reply to a toast. Mr. Stanley attributed the chief glory of his explorations to Mr. Bennett. He proposed that the river Congo bear the name of Livingston. The Minister of Public Instruction bestowed the decoration of the Academi cal Palm on Mr. Stanley, and the Society has awarded a gold medal to the African explorer,

ABOUT FIVE HUNDRED TAILORS belonging

to the Tailors' Union of Chicago quit work

yesterday, on a strike for higher wages of from

25 to 40 per cent. Most of the strikers belong to the wholesale clothing establishments, but the proprietors say the strike will not be seri-WORK FOR THE UNEMPLOYED. - The Pacific railroad authorities at San Francisco are lifting the pressure by giving employment at \$1 per day to the unemployed of that city on work at Mission Bay. About 330 set in yester-

day, and in a few days employment will be given to 1,000. THE CHARLEY ROSS MYSTERY.-The Baltimore Gazette says: The identity of the boy who arrived from Demerara on the brig Potomac still remains a mystery, and the case continues to excite much interest. After comparing the features of the child with those of Charley Ross as shown in a photograph taken about a year before the kidnapping, Mr. Perot thought there was sufficient similarity to war rant him in writing to Christian K. Ross, of Philadelphia, and will probably receive an auswer to-day. Others who have examined the photograph have been able to see a close re-semblance of the lost child and the Demerara

Suine For \$25,000 for the Loss of a Wife. Suit has been brought in the United States Circuit Court at Trenton, N. J., by Christian Huber, of Trenton, against the Pennsylvania Railroad company for \$25,000 damages for the loss of his wife by the Milford disaster on the Belyidere Delaware branch this winter.

A DIVORCE QUICKLY FOLLOWING AN ELOPE MENT.—Last August a man calling himself "Dr." and "Col." J. W. Younge eloped from Fort Wayne, Ind., with the daughter of John H. Hill, esq., an old citizen of large means.
Last week the wife filed a petition for a divorce
on the grounds of cruel and inhuman treatment, abandonment, and abusive and indecent language. The case was brought to
trial at once before Judge O'Rourke, who
rendered a decree of divorce in favor of the
plaintiff.

The affairs of the Dorchester (Mass.) savings bank are to be put in the hands of a snance committee.

# at low figures. TEA SETS; entirely new patterns at astonishing